### **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



THE GREENING EVERGREEN BOOK

THE GREENING NURSERY CO. MONROE. MICH.

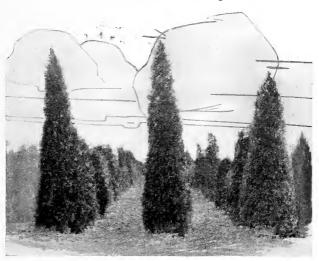
of Courses under Sec. 59, Congress under Med. 6, 1909

# The GREENING EVERGREEN BOOK

Copyright 1917
The Greening Nursery Co.

HOW Greening methods of scientific culture have made the EVER-GREEN an important factor for beauty and artistic effect in modern landscape architecture. \*\*\* Practical suggestions for the transplanting and care of Evergreens.

By Edward G. Greening



A block of Greening "hand-made" Evergreens—Thuya occidentalis or American Arbor Vitae—as they appear in our nursery.

### THE GREENING NURSERY CO.

ESTABLISHED 1850

MONROE, MICHIGAN

# Beautiful Landscapes the Year 'Round



ODERN landscape builders no longer build for half-year beauty. When the gorgeous autumn colors have faded and the most beautiful fairweather landscape architecture becomes desolate and barren in the wintry winds, dependable Evergreens stand by their colors. Because of their rare ruggedness and

natural beauty, made perfect by Greening methods of scientific culture, Evergreens are indispensable factors for the beauty and elegance that make modern land-scape gardening so distinctive. And Greening Evergreens grow in every climate, excepting the tropics, and in practically every American soil.

From thousands of perfect specimens you can select the right sizes, the proper shapes, and the particular varieties which you prefer—for your *present* purposes.

It is not necessary to wait for Evergreens to grow up to your landscape plan. Greening Evergreens are ready now—to help you secure immediately the landscape effect you desire.

Fifteen years ago, when landscape gardening was yet in its infancy in the middle west, we began the nursing and scientific culture of the most beautiful and hardiest varieties of the Evergreen family. For this purpose we selected the most fertile soil of our fifteen-hundred-acre nursery.

Densely foliated and hardy Evergreens, of every size and shape, rich in coloring and symmetrical from every viewpoint, are the result.

APR -5 1917 CLA461024

By frequent transplanting we have developed Evergreens with compact fibrous root-systems, contained within a short radius of the main root. Owing to the adherent qualities of Greening soil, it clings tenaciously to the root system, thus preventing even the slightest injury to the root fibres. When transplanting Greening Evergreens in your soil, you will find every root system completely enveloped in a firm ball of fertile soil that speeds them on to a sure, healthy growth.

Ample spacing between trees facilitated the careful cultivation of *every* individual tree. It also insured the abundance of sunshine that produces richly-colored, symmetrical, well-balanced, hardy Evergreens. They possess the vigor of the rugged oak.

Careful pruning has perfected their shape and symmetry. You will observe the perfect balance between top and root, whether the Evergreen is large or small.

Richness of color makes Greening Evergreens distinctive. You will find no better evidence of skill in cultivation than this. It gives them the individuality which landscape architects constantly seek in creating landscapes that will be both beautiful and distinctive.

In the following pages you will see illustrations of Greening Evergreens. These are typical of thousands of perfect specimens ready for this Spring's transplanting. For every use you can select Greening Evergreens. They are ready to ship *now*.





NE of Greenings's wonders. This beautiful specimen of Thuya occidentalis—American Arbor Vitae—the product of several years of Greening culture in fertile soil, speaks for itself. Its root system has thousands of fibrous branches compacted within a short radius of the main root—it has been transplanted five times. One hundred of these richly-colored Evergreens left—ready for immediate delivery.

When writing about this illustration, refer to Plate 1

## Summary of Greening Evergreens and Prices

CORES of hardy Evergreen varieties, with prices, are listed alphabetically below. All Evergreens are dug with roots undisturbed—that is, with roots completely imbedded in a ball of the same fertile soil in which they grow, and which insures healthy future growth. Prices quoted are for individual specimens of the height named—F. O. B. Monroe, Mich.

Greening Evergreens are Quality Evergreens

### Abies balsamea

Balsam Fir. Foliage dark, shiny green, silvery tinge underneath.

2 —2½ f	t\$1.25	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$3.00
2½-3 ft	1.50	$4 - 4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	4.00
3 —3½ ft	2.25	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	5.00

#### Abies concolor

White Fir. Medium grower, hardy, withstands heat and drought. Needles two inches long.

$$2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$$
 ft. ....\$2.75  $3 - 3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$4.00  $2\frac{1}{2} - 3$  ft. ....\$50  $3\frac{1}{2} - 4$  ft. .... 5.50

### Abies douglasii

Red Fir or Douglas Spruce. Tall pyramidal tree, rapid grower. Horizontal branches, attractive color, dark brown buds, one of the most ornamental among Evergreens. See Plate 5.

$$2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$$
 ft. ....\$1.75  $3 - 3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$3.00  $2\frac{1}{2} - 3$  ft. ....\$2.25  $3\frac{1}{2} - 4$  ft. ....\$4.00

### Juniperus chinensis aurea

Chinese Golden Juniper. Upright form, branchlets golden yellow, brilliant in sunshine.

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
 ft. ....\$2.00 2  $-2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75

### Juniperus chinensis femina

The pistillate variety. Slender spreading branches.

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
—2 ft. ....\$2.00 2 — $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75

### Juniperus chinensis mascula

The staminate variety. Rather upright growing.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.00 2  $-2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75

### Juniperus communis hibernica

Irish Juniper. Narrow, columnar form, upright branches. Bluish tint.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ...\$1.25  $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 ft. ...\$2.25 2 —2½ ft. ... 1.75 3 —3½ ft. ... 2.75

### Juniperus communis oblonga pendula

Upright shrub with slender diverging and recurving pendulous branches. Very graceful.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.00 2  $-2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. .... 2.75

### Juniperus communis pfitzeriana

Pfitzer's Juniper. Fine foliage, graceful and drooping habit of growth. Hardy and one of the best for grouping.

 $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$6.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$5.00  $4 - 4\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$7.00  $3 - 3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$5.00

### Juniperus communis suecica

Swedish Juniper. Narrow columnar form, a small tree, with drooping tips.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ....\$1.25 2 — $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.00

### Juniperus neaboriensis

Mediterannean Juniper. Small tree of dense pyramidal habit. Spiny pointed, crowded leaves.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ....\$2.00 2 — $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75

### Juniperus sabina

Savin's Juniper. Low spreading shrub. Slender branchlets with a strong odor when bruised.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ....\$2.50 2 — $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$3.50



HAT a wonderful sentinel effect is produced by this perfect specimen of the Thuya occidentalis—American Arbor Vitae. Observe the "hand-made" Arbor Vitaes in the background. We have thousands of unblemished specimens of this type—all five-times transplanted.

When writing about this illustration, refer to Plate 2



Arbor Vitae — illustrates the high quality of Greening "hand-made" Evergreens — quality in form, compactness, symmetry and color. A prominent eastern landscape architect pronounced our Arbor Vitae "the most perfect in form and richest in coloring" he had ever seen. These specimens were also five-times transplanted.

When writing about this illustration, refer to Plate 3

### Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia

Tamarisk-leaved Juniper. Needle shaped leaves with a white stripe.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ....\$2.50 2 — $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$3.50

### Juniperus virginiana cannarti

Useful in groupings and borders.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$1.75

 $2 -2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.25

### Juniperus virginiana elegantissima

Golden yellow tips. Fine for variety color.

 $2 -2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.25

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$3.00

### Juniperus virginiana glauca

Blue Virginia Cedar. Bluish foliage; medium grower. One of the best of the blue varieties of evergreens.

 $2 -2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75  $2\frac{1}{2}$  -3 ft. ... 3.00

 $3 -3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$5.00  $3\frac{1}{2}$ —4 ft. . . . 6.00

### Juniperus virginiana tripartita

An interesting dwarf variety for group borders. Bluish leaves.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2

ft. ....\$1.75 2 —2½ ft. ....\$2.25

### Picea excelsa

Norway Spruce. Best known evergreen. Rapid grower, succeeds everywhere. Valuable for wind breaks, hedges, forests or heavy groupings.

 $2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$1.00

7— 8 ft. .....\$ 6.00

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  —3 ft. . . . 1.25  $3 - 3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. .... 1.50

8— 9 ft. ..... 8.00 9—10 ft. . . . . 10.00

 $3\frac{1}{2}$ —4 ft. .... 2.50

10-11 ft. ..... 12.00

4 --5 ft. .... 3.00

11-12 ft. ..... 14.00

5 —6 ft. .... 4.00

12-14 ft. ..... 16.00

6 -7ft. . . . . 5.00

Extra large, broad specimens up to \$50.00 each.

### Picea excelsa remonti

Remont's Spruce. Very dwarf, slow growing, exceedingly compact, perfectly coned shaped.

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
—2 ft. ....\$2.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 ft. ....\$4.50  $2$  —2 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$4.50

### Picea pungens glauca

Colorado Blue Spruce. Medium, rapid grower. Very handsome, hardy, symmetrical light colored, bluish foliage.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$2.25	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$4.25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	$\dots 2.75$	4 —41/2	ft.	5.00
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.50	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	6.50

### Picea pungens kosteriana

Koster's Blue Spruce. The finest of the fine. Rich, blue foliage, good shape, remarkably beautiful. See Plate 5.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$2.50	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$6.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	3.25	$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	8.50
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.00	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft	10.00

#### Pinus austriaca.

Austrian Pine. Medium to fast grower. Broad head, very dark green. Rigid foliage, long needles.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$1.50	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	\$ 7.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	$\dots$ 2.25	5 —5½	ft.	8.50
3 —31/2	ft.	3.00	$5\frac{1}{2}$ —6	ft.	10.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	$\dots$ 4.25	6 —7	ft.	12.00
4 —41/2	ft.	5.50	7 —8	ft.	15.00

Extra large, broad specimens up to \$40.00 each.

### Pinus montana mughus

Mugho or Montana Pine. Very dwarf, handsome. Hardy, dense, broad green foliage. Ornamental as single or for grouping.

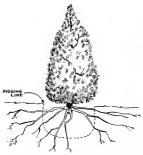
 $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. spread...\$2.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. spread...\$4.00 2 ft. spread...



FIFTEEN years ago we transplanted this magnificent specimen of Thuya occidentalis — American Arbor Vitae — the first time. Notice its height and density of foliage. You save those fifteen years of care and waiting — you have a place for it now. Yes, we have others just like it—yours for only \$16.00 F. O. B. Monroe.

When writing about this illustration, refer to Plate 4

### Practical Suggestions for the Tra



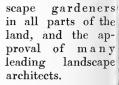
the root system of the tree that has not been transplanted spreads.

O insure permanency of beauty, symmetry and the rich coloring of Evergreens transplanted from the nursery, it is desirable that you know something of the methods of culture employed by the experts who raised them from babyhood.

Greening methods are the result of sixty-seven years' experience in the nursery business. Greening experts have been successful in cultivating thousands of perfect specimens of nearly every variety of Evergreen that will grow in North America.

Greening methods and Greening products have won the confidence of

thousands of landscape leading



Greening Evergreens are started They are planted in fertile clay loam

Plenty of space is left between trees because sunshine means healthy specimens. After each rain the Evergreens are cul-

tivated. That keeps the soil moist and helps produce a hardy, vigorous tree.

Then, they are transplanted from four to six times. This develops the compact multifibrous root system, contained within a comparatively small space, which is absolutely essential to the sure healthy growth of all Evergreens.

Greening customers know that Greening trees are not dug until ready to ship. Then, every root, completely imbedded in a firm ball



How not to dig evergreens.



Transplanting the of system prevent foliage thin and neglected appearance of specimens like this.

### planting and Care of Evergreens

of thoroughly-moistened fertile soil, is securely wrapped in heavy burlap.

Greening trees always grow if planted properly.

### How To Plant Evergreens To Insure Growth

Don't delay planting. Dig the holes a little wider at the bottom than at the top. This will prevent water from lying around the roots and making the root-soil too soggy.

Spread burlap near the holes so that you can preserve the subsoil and surface soil separately. Fertile topsoil should be packed around the roots. Plant every tree as deeply as

t it stood in the nursery.

Pack the earth FİRMLY around the roots. It is essential that the dirt be well-compacted, with the exception of a depth of three or four inches at the top of the hole. This should be kept loose by occasional cultivation.

Water Evergreens as soon as planted. Occasional watering is essential until the trees become estab-

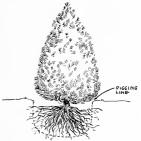
lished in the soil.

If you sod the surface around the tree, leave an area for cultivation of from three to five feet in diameter.

These suggestions are few and simple, but important to the health and growth of Evergreens.

The illustrations on these two pages demonstrate the difference between ordinary Evergreens and Greening Evergreens.

Greening Evergreens are the finished product—grown to give you at once the effect you desire.



This splendid root-system is due to Greening culture and transplanting.



How to dig Evergreens. Note the compact ball of earth around root.



Characteristic appearance of the Greening Evergreen — balanced, symmetrical and densely foliated





In the above picture you see a section of one of our large blocks ofunder Evergreens cultivation. Several varieties are pictured there, and exacould you mine each specimen you would find them uniform their in intense coloring, dense fo-liage, and balanced symmetry. specimens Thuya occidentalis pictured are ten feet high, and ready to serve the purpose of fullgrown Evergreens.

When writing about the top illustration, refer to Plate 5.

BRIGHT flashy green in Summer and a deep warm bronze in Winter color this handsome imported specimen of Thuya orientalis—Biota or Chinese Arbor Vitae. The leaves radiate in vertical planes from the main stem. Especially suited to our northern climate.

### Pinus sylvestris

Scotch Pine. Similar to Austrian Pine in character of growth and appearance. Light green foliage. See Plate 12.

2 —21/2	ft.	\$1.50	$4\frac{1}{2}$ 5	ft.	\$ 7.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	$\dots$ 2.25	$5 -5\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	8.50
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.00	$5\frac{1}{2}$ —6	ft.	10.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	4.25	6 -7	ft.	12.00
$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.50	7 —8	ft.	15.00

Extra large, broad specimens up to \$40.00 each.

### Retinospora filifera aurea

Golden-leaved Cypress. A very ornamental dwarf evergreen with a rich golden foliage, half hardy.

### Retinospora obtusa gracilis

Slender, graceful foliage of fine appearance. Medium growth, hardy.

$$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$$
 ft. ....\$2.00 3  $-3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$3.75  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.75

### Retinospora obtusa nana

Japanese variety of dwarf growth. Excellent for grouping or tube planting. Very dense foliage, exceedingly rich in appearance, blending into several shades of green. Perfectly hardy in the North. The most valuable of the Retinospora varieties.

$$1 - 1\frac{1}{4}$$
 ft. ....\$1.50  $1\frac{1}{2}$ —2 ft. ....\$4.00  $1\frac{1}{4}$ — $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.25

### Retinospora pisifera filifera

Thread-branched Cypress. Somewhat resembles Juniper. Dark green foliage. Hair or thread-like in appearance. Very attractive, also hardy.

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
—2 ft. ....\$1.50  $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 ft. ....\$2.75  $2$  —2 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. .... 2.00

### Retinospora squarrosa veitchi

A dense pyramidal bush or small tree, with light bluish foliage. Usually violet in winter.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ —2	ft.	\$1.50	3 -31/2	ft.	\$3.75
$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	2.00	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	5.00
21/2-3	f+	2 75			

### Thuya occidentalis (our specialty)

American Arbor Vitae. One of the best known evergreens, of rapid growth. Pyramidal in form. Bright green in Summer. Bronzy green in winter. The best evergreen for heavy grouping or for colonial effect.

4— 6 ft. 75c. per foot in height. 7—14 ft. \$1.00 per foot in height.

Extra large, broad specimens up to \$20.00 each.

### Thuya occidentalis aurea

Golden Arbor Vitae. Broad, bushy form with deep yellow foliage.

2 —21/2	ft.	\$2.00	3 —3½	ft.	\$3.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	2.50	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	3.50

### Thuya occidentalis columbia

Medium habit of growth, broad foliage, beautiful and silvery.

$$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$$
 ft. ....\$2.25  $2\frac{1}{2}-3$  ft. ....\$3.00

### Thuya occidentalis lutea or elegantissima

George Peabody. The most yellow variety of Arbor Vitae. Pyramidal in form, very attractive wherever a contrast of colors is desired. Perfectly hardy.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$2.00	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$4.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	$\dots$ 2.75	$4 - 4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.50
$3 - 3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.75	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	6.50



The well-formed bushy character of the Picea Excelsa —fast - growing Norway Spruce is illustrated the upper picture. It is a hardy, all-weather variety that grows well in most soils. Used for windbreaks, backgrounds, screens, or where the individual tree is desired. of rugged appearance is desired. You from hundreds of this variety in our nursery.



When writing about the top illustration, refer to Plate 7.

Plate Eight

LEVEN feet tall, this magnificent specimen of American Arbor Vitae has been carefully trained to be the central figure in a formal garden. Observe the fullness at the base—six feet in diameter—and the balanced form of the dense foliage.



Plate 9—Medium Growing. The Juniperus virginiana glauca or Blue Virginia Cedar is the best of the blue cedars. Owing to the rich blue tinge of its coloring, its feathery, plumelike foliage, and pleasing pyramidal shape, it produces an effect of rare beauty.

Plate 10—Dwarf. Only 22 inches

high, this unblemished specimen of Retinospora obtusa nana, or Japanese Dwarf Evergreen, is twelve years



old. This variety has been imported and intro-

Plate 10

duced into this country but recently. Its color is a beautiful and permanent deep green, blending off into lighter shades. Most valuable Dwarf for cold climate.

Plate 11—Medium Growing. The Juniperus chinensis or Chinese Juniper, another imported Evergreen, serves practically the same purposes as the Juniperus virginiana glauca.

### Thuya occidentalis ellwangeriana

Tom Thumb Arbor Vitae. A low bushy variety, well adapted for grouping, also for pruning in globe shape for formal effect. See plate 13.

$1\frac{1}{2}$ —2	ft.	\$1.25	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$4.50
$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	2.00	$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	2.75	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	6.50
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.50			

### Thuya occidentalis globosa

Globe Arbor Vitae. Dwarf globe form, bright green foliage. Very hardy, attractive; the best for formal effect. Hardy everywhere.

### Thuya occidentalis hoveyi

Hovey's Arbor Vitae. Medium grower. Dense, ovate form. Yellowish or bright green foliage. Distinct in shape and habit of growth.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$1.50	$4 - 4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$4.25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	2.00	$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	5.00
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	$\dots$ 2.75	$5 -5\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	6.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	3.50	$5\frac{1}{2}$ —6	ft.	7.00

### Thuya occidentalis pyramidalis

Pyramidal Arbor Vitae. One of the most valuable of the Arbor Vitae varieties for sentinel or colonial effect. Hardy everywhere.

3 —31/2	ft.	\$2.50	$5\frac{1}{2}$ —6	ft.	\$6.00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	3.25	$6 -6\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	6.75
$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.75	7	ft.	7.50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ —5	ft.	$\dots$ 4.50	8	ft.	8.50
$5 -5\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.25			

### Thuya occidentalis wareana

Ware's Siberian Arbor Vitae. Slow grower. Heavy dark green foliage, a very desirable type for single planting or grouping. Hardy everywhere.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2.25	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4 ft\$4.25
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2.75	$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5.00
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $3.50$	

### Thuya orientalis (Biota)

Bushy, pyramidal in habit of growth. Spreading ascending branches. Acute leaves. Bright green. One of the most attractive of the Arbor Vitae varieties. Hardy. See Plate 6.

$2 -2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	\$2.00	5	ft.	\$5.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	2.50	6	ft.	6.50
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	3.25	7	ft.	8.00
$3\frac{1}{2}-4$	ft.	4.00			

### Thuya orientalis aurea (Biota)

Similar to Thuya orientalis (Biota). Medium growth; golden yellow foliage in Spring, later turning to bronze green. Grows very compact. Hardy.

$2\frac{1}{2}$ —3	ft.	\$2.50	$3\frac{1}{2}$ —4	ft.	\$4.00
$3 -3\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	$\dots$ 3.25	$4 -4\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	5.00

### Taxus cuspidata brevifolia (Yew)

A dwarf compact form with short leaves. Fairly hardy. Very attractive.

1/2 1t	$1\frac{1}{2}$	ft.		2 ft.	\$3.50
--------	----------------	-----	--	-------	--------

### Tsuga canadensis

Hemlock Spruce. Very beautiful. Graceful, much ramified branches. Always desirable for grouping, or single planting. Hardy.

$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
—2 ft. ....\$1.50  $2\frac{1}{2}$ —3 ft. ....\$3.00  $2$  —2 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. ....\$2.25  $3$  —3 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. .... 3.75



HE seeker of a large individual Evergreen (Plate 12) for lawn decoration need go no farther than this perfect specimen of Pinus sylvestris—Scotch Pine, six times transplanted. It stands fifteen feet high and twelve feet in diameter. It's as hardy an Evergreen as there is grown—green the year 'round.

For the distinctive formal effect, choose the Thuya occidentalis ellwangeriana, or Tom Thumb Arbor Vitae. The specimens pictured are in their natural globe-shape and may be pruned to a uniform size for grouping in formal gardens. Bright foliage green. (Plate 13.)



## Personal Service in the Selection of Your Evergreens

OU are cordially invited to visit our nursery and gardens at Monroe, Michigan, and select the Evergreens which you prefer. If it is not possible for you to do so, the writer of this booklet will give all of your requests his personal attention — and personally select for you the Evergreens you desire.



garden in which the charm is made permanent the year round by a profusion of Greening Evergreens. This view was taken from the F. C. Burden estate, Detroit, Mich.

Before they are dug, all specimens will be tagged with your name and address so that there is absolutely no possibility of their being confused with others. It is this careful personal service, in even the smallest details, that has won for the Greening Nursery Company thousands of satisfied customers in all parts of the land. The slogan "Once a Customer, always a Customer" has just naturally grown into our business.

Every year, hundreds of landscape architects and users of Greening products visit our nursery to make their selections. There is seldom a visitor who does not take a trip through the beautiful Greening gardens and the 1500-acre nursery where thousands of trees and shrubs for park, garden, lawn and orchard are growing.

One point which we cannot emphasize too strongly is that our location is particularly favorable to the growing of nursery products. Owing to our proximity to Lake Erie, the soil possesses those highly fertile qualities of lake deposit. The advantage to you is at once apparent.

As a result of experiment and observation, it has been found that the rich coloring of the foliage of Greening Evergreens, and also their hardy, rugged constitution, are due in part to the indescribable qualities of climatic conditions that are influenced by this proximity to one of the Great Lakes. Users frequently remark about the distinctive coloring of Greening trees.

You will find, to your own complete satisfaction, that Greening products—Greening Evergreens—are in themselves the best evidence of scientific culture, upto-date methods, and a thorough understanding of the approved uses of nursery products.



Especially in Winter, the inviting Evergreen spreads warmth and cheer when planted rather close to the house. Observe the two specimens of Koster's Blue Spruce at the foot of the steps, and the two sentinel-like American Arbor Vitae at the top. The house is banked with rows of Globe Arbor Vitae. In the background at the right is another group of stately Evergreens—a twelve months' garden spot.

In the growing of Evergreens—and The Greening Nursery Co. are Evergreen specialists — every tree is tried and proven before sold. It must be a success first. And of particular value to you is the fact that you save the time that is devoted by Greening experts to the rearing of these trees. Greening trees are sold to serve some definite purpose in a scheme of landscape architecture. Consequently, from among the thousands of perfect and healthy specimens in our nursery, you can select the particular trees that are already grown up to your purpose. If your landscape plan is already established, you can secure Evergreens that fit into it



The American Arbor Vitae and Koster's Blue Spruce produce a very charming effect as the center of this artistically decorated driveway garden. The contrast in color between these two varieties of Evergreens is delightful—a beauty-spot in midwinter.

perfectly, now. They will give you immediately, the effect you desire. That saves years of waiting.

And because of the long experience of The Greening Nursery Co. in selecting trees to fit into landscape plans, you can rely absolutely upon our personal service to select for you the proper Evergreens for the effect you desire.

### We Guarantee Every Greening Evergreen To Be Delivered to You In Perfect Condition

Just a word of assurance about shipping facilities. Monroe is served by the New York Central Lines — Michigan Central, and Lake Shore and Michigan Southern — the Grand Trunk, the Pennsylvania Lines, and also fast Interurban service to Toledo and Detroit. These afford us direct routes to practically every railroad point in the east and middle west—prompt, speedy transportation.

Buy Evergreens for Spring planting now. Buy trees that have been proved a success, that will give you at once the effect you desire—Buy Greening Evergreens.

Make your lawn, garden, park or estate a year 'round beauty spot.



"Ready for Immediate Delivery"

